

asx release

29 March 2012

Investor Presentation

Please find attached a presentation which will be provided at a Transurban investor day today.

A recording of this presentation will be uploaded to the Transurban website <u>www.transurban.com</u> following completion of the presentation.

asi

Amanda Street Company Secretary

Investor enquiries Wesley Ballantine +61 (3) 8656 8904 General Manager, Investor Relations, Media and Government

Classification

Public

Transurban Group

Transurban International Limited ABN 90 121 746 825 Transurban Holdings Limited ABN 86 098 143 429 Transurban Holding Trust ABN 30 169 362 255 ARSN 098 807 419 email@transurban.com.au www.transurban.com.au

Level 3 505 Little Collins Street, Melbourne Victoria 3000 Australia Telephone +613 8656 8900 Facsimile +613 9649 7380 Level 5 50 Pitt Street, Sydney NSW 2000 Australia Telephone +612 9254 4900 Facsimile +612 9254 4990



TRANSURBAN 2012 INVESTOR DAY

29 MARCH 2012

DISCLAIMER AND BASIS OF PREPARATION

This publication is prepared by the Transurban Group comprising Transurban Holdings Limited (ACN 098 143 429), Transurban Holding Trust (ARSN 098 807 419) and Transurban International Limited (ACN 121 746 825). The responsible entity of Transurban Holding Trust is Transurban Infrastructure Management Limited (ACN 098 147 678) (AFSL 246 585).

transurbar

No representation or warranty is made as to the accuracy, completeness or correctness of the information contained in this publication. To the maximum extent permitted by law, none of the Transurban Group, its directors, employees or agents or any other person, accept liability for loss arising from or in connection with this publication including without limitation, any liability arising from fault or negligence.

The information in this publication does not take into account individual investment and financial circumstances and is not intended in any way to influence a person dealing with a financial product, nor provide financial advice. It does not constitute an offer to subscribe for securities in the Transurban Group. Any person intending to deal in Transurban Group securities is recommended to obtain professional advice.

United States

These materials do not constitute an offer of securities for sale in the United States, and the securities referred to in these materials have not been and will not be registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and may not be offered or sold in the United States absent registration or an exemption from registration.

© Copyright Transurban Limited ABN 96 098 143 410. All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording or otherwise, without the written permission of the Transurban Group.

Basis of preparation

This document includes presentation of results on a statutory as well as non-statutory basis. The non-statutory basis includes the Proportional Results and Free Cash.

Proportional results

The Proportional result is the aggregation of the results from each asset multiplied by Transurban's percentage ownership as well as contribution from central group functions. Proportional earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation (EBITDA) is one of the primary measures that the Board uses to assess the operating performance of Transurban, with an aim to maintain a focus on operating results and associated cash generation. It reflects the contribution from individual assets to Transurban's operating performance and permits a meaningful analysis of the underlying performance of Transurban's assets.

The EBITDA calculation from the statutory accounts would not include the EBITDA contribution of the M5, M7 or DRIVe (equity accounted in the statutory results), which are meaningful contributors to Transurban's performance.

Proportional EBITDA is reconciled to the statutory income statement on slides 42 to 48.

Free cash

Free cash is the primary measure used to assess cash generation in the Group. The free cash represents the cash available for distribution to securityholders.

Free cash is calculated as statutory cash flow from operating activities from 100% owned subsidiaries plus dividends received from less than 100% owned subsidiaries and equity accounted investments. An allowance is deducted for the estimated annualised maintenance capital expenditure (including tags) for 100% owned subsidiaries for their remaining concession life.

Free cash is reconciled to operating cash flows on slide 41.

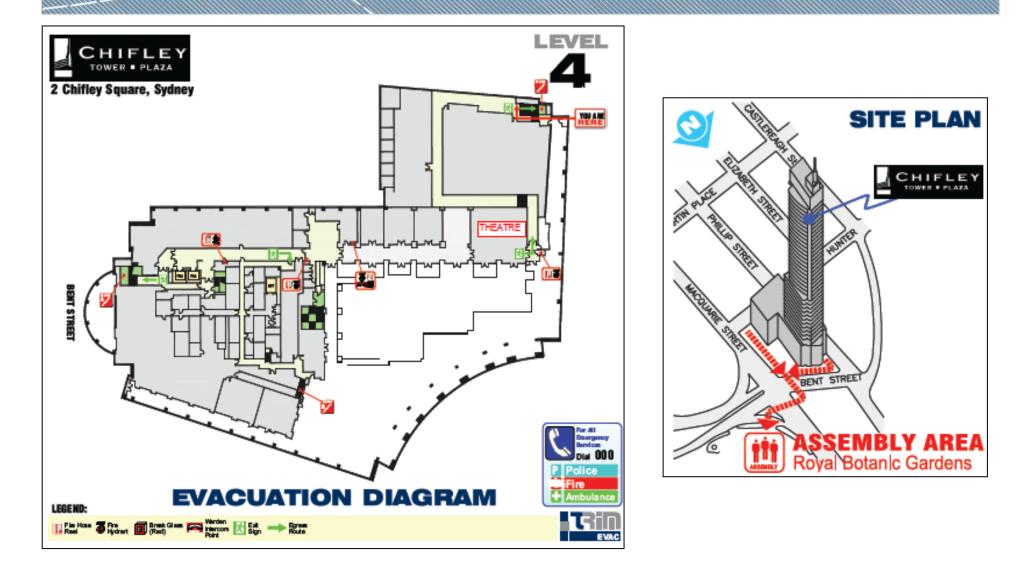
These non-statutory measures are calculated from information extracted from Transurban's interim financial statements which contain a review opinion by the Group's auditors.



INTRODUCTION WESLEY BALLANTINE - GENERAL MANAGER INVESTOR RELATIONS, MEDIA & GOVERNMENT



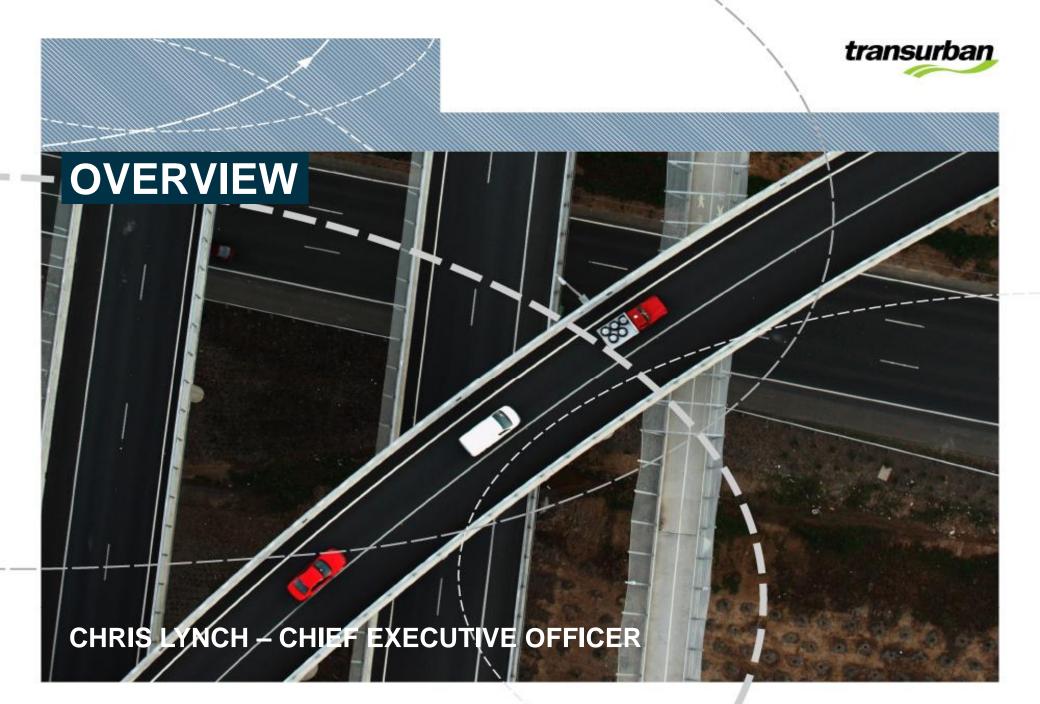
EVACUATION PLAN



AGENDA



TIME	PRESENTATION	SPEAKER		
9.30am	Welcome and safety	Wesley Ballantine, General Manager Investor Relations, Media & Government		
9.35am	Overview	Chris Lynch, Chief Executive Officer		
9.45am	Victoria	Elizabeth Mildwater, Group General Manager Victor		
10.15am	NSW	Andrew Head, Group General Manager NSW		
10.45am	Break			
11.15am	USA	Ken Daley, President International Development		
		Michael Kulper, President North America		
Midday	Lunch			
1pm	M2 tour OR			
		Michael Burnett, General Manager Finance		
1pm	Break out session: corporate structure discussion	Cristina Wolters, Head of Taxation		
		Richard Hills, Assistant Treasurer		
4.45	Dreak out coosiens UOT lense medalling	Ken Daley, President International Development		
1.45pm	Break out session: HOT lanes modelling	John Mundy, General Manager Traffic Services		





CORPORATE OVERVIEW

- CEO selection process
- Post new CEO announcement corporate strategy to remain consistent
- Focus will remain:
 - operational excellence
 - cost discipline
 - value based growth

Potential future transactions

Negotiated transactions

Asset enhancements

Growing tolls & traffic Cost control



DIFFICULT OPERATING ENVIRONMENT

transurba

- Weather impacts
 - Sydney has had wettest January, coolest February in a decade
 - Fewer trips (discretionary travel, construction), more accidents
- Construction impacts
 - M2 impacts higher than expected and adjoining assets also affected
 - CityLink impacted in first half
- Signs of economic impacts

Full year distribution guidance confirmed – at least 29 cents per security in FY12





AGENDA



- 1. Safety
- 2. CityLink overview
- 3. Performance
- 4. Tolling developments
- 5. Infrastructure activities
- 6. Development activities



SAFETY



RED X CAMPAIGN

Continued emphasis on ensuring compliance with the Red X lane use signals



Look up - Look ahead

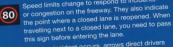
New signs above the traffic lanes on sections of the M1 are designed to improve traffic flow and increase safety. Lanes are closed to protect the safety of people in or responding to emergencies, and people working on the road. So driving in a closed lane could put

someone at risk. It is also an offence under regulations 92 and 152 to disobey the overhead lane control devices, with a potential fine (currently) of up to \$1,194.50. For all these reasons, we encourage you to obey the overhead signs and have a safe journey.



Signal meanings

A red X means a lane is closed. You must not drive in a lane that has been closed by a red cross. Speed limits change to respond to incidents



When an incident occurs, arrows direct drivers to change into designated lanes. If necessary, arrows can direct drivers to exit the freeway.

CityLin

Travel safely on CityLink

Breakdowns on freeways and in tunnels can severely disrupt traffic and be a safety hazard.

Vehicle Checklist

Keep your vehicle well maintained, e.g. oil and coolant. Don't drive on freeways and in tunnels when you are

Ensure you have a correctly inflated spare tyre.

Obey road signs, including the overhead lane signs.

- When driving in the tunnels remember to: Turn on your headlights and radio.
- Avoid changing lanes.
- Make sure your load height is under 4.65m. Don't carry dangerous goods (Goods required by law to display Dangerous Goods Placards).

In a tunnel evacuation, follow the running man symbols and flashing lights to a safe exit point.

- If you breakdown on CityLink you should: 1. Try to stop in a breakdown lane or bay, or in a right
- 2. Switch on your hazard lights.
- Stay calm; an incident response unit will be there scon. 4. Remain in your vehicle unless there's a fire or, in the
- tunnel, the control room asks you to evacuate. 5. If you do have to get out, watch carefully for other If you do have to get out, watch carefully for othe traffic and move to a walkway or in front of your vehicle. Never stand behind your vehicle.

If you see a traffic hazard on CityLink at any time,

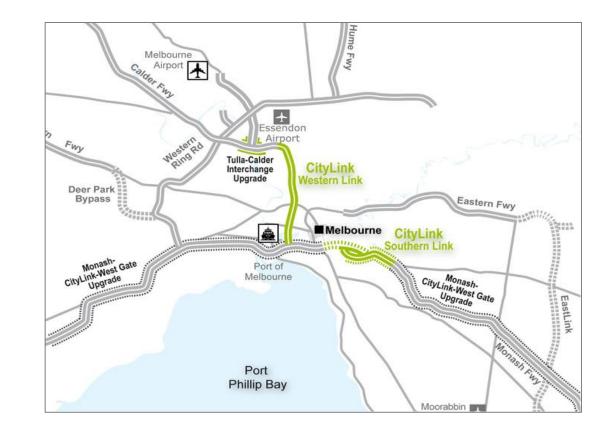
Keep these tips in your car and have a safe trip.





CITYLINK OVERVIEW

- CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE FOR MELBOURNE
- 22km motorway
- Two state-of-the-art tunnels each with three lanes
- Fully opened December 2000
- Concession until 2034
- 100% electronically tolled
- Key facts (first half FY 2012):
 - Over one million customer accounts
 - Average daily transactions of 767,343
 - More than \$1.25m toll revenue daily
 - Approximately 10% of total traffic from heavy vehicles





VICTORIA P&L RESULTS EIRST HALF FY 2012 RESULTS HIGHLIGHTS - P&L AND TRAFFIC

HIGHLIGHTS

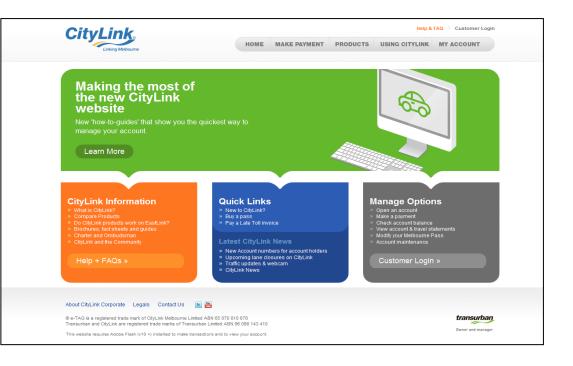
PROFIT AND LOSS

	31 DEC 11		31 DEC 11 (\$m)	31 DEC 10 (\$m)	
affic		Revenue			
affic growth (half year)	2.3%	Toll revenue	235.4	217.9	
raffic growth (second quarter)	1.1%	Fee and other revenue	21.2	20.4	
oll revenue		Total revenue	256.6	238.3	
oll revenue growth (half year)	8.0%	Total cost	(49.7)	(50.8)	
BITDA		EBITDA	206.9	187.5	
BITDA growth (half year)	10.3%	EBITDA margin	87.9%	86.0%	

- Q2 traffic impacted by major resurfacing works on Western Link
- Improvements in revenue collection evident in toll revenue growth versus traffic growth

TOLLING DEVELOPMENTS

- In December 2011 GLIDe went live on CityLink
- First major tolling upgrade since CityLink opened in 2000



THE NEW CITYLINK WEBSITE

- Allows commercial and retail customers to easily manage accounts online
- Since GLIDe go-live, and the associated improvements to the website, purchases of 'passes' (e.g. day passes) on the website have increased 12.8%
- There has been a 21.4% increase in website visits
- Introduced payment functionality for iPad and iPhone users







INFRASTRUCTURE ACTIVITIES MAJOR RESURFACING WORKS UNDERTAKEN

- First major Western Link resurfacing since 2000
- Reduced noise levels in surrounding areas
- Smoother driving experience





- 325,000 square metres resurfaced (since April 2011)
- Completed safely around 'live' traffic minimise disruption



INFRASTRUCTURE ACTIVITIES SOUTHERN LINK DEMOBILISATION COMPLETE

MARCH 2012 – DEMOBILISATION OF THE SOUTHERN LINK PROJECT SITE WAS COMPLETED

Pecentage of PM peak - May 2011 Pecentage of PM peak - May 2007 80% Percentage of PM Peak period 70% 60% 50% 40% 30% 20% 10% 0% <5 5 - 10 10 - 1515 - 20 20 - 25 25 - 30 >30

IMPROVEMENTS IN RELIABILITY OF TRAVEL TIME

Toorak Road to Bolte Bridge workday travel times – PM peak

 Improved reliability – greater confidence in reduced travel times when compared to 2007

AVERAGE WORKDAY PM PEAK DOMAIN TUNNEL THROUGHPUT

- 4,000 Average throughput (veh/hr) Domain Tunnel Throughput 3,500 Southern Link Upgrade (IB) construction period 3,000 2,500 2,000 Jul-07 Sep-07 Jan-08 Mar-08 May-08 Jul-08 Sep-08 Sep-06 Nov-06 Jan-07 Mar-07 Nov-08 Jan-09 Mar-09 May-09 Nov-09 Jan-10 Mar-10 May-10 Jul-10 Sep-10 May-05 Jul-05 Sep-05 Nov-05 Jan-06 Mar-06 May-06 Jul-06 May-07 Jul-09 Sep-09 Vov-10 Jan-11 May-11
- Over 20% increase in average Domain tunnel throughput since construction completion



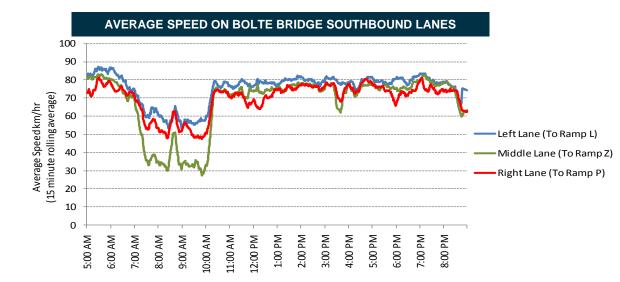
DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES WESTERN LINK CONGESTION EVIDENT

ADT GROWTH – FIRST HALF FY12 VERSUS FY11

		% Increase
Western Link inbound		0.0%
 Moreland Road toll point 	(0.8%)	
Racecourse Road toll point	0.3%	
Bolte Bridge toll point	0.8%	
Western Link outbound		2.0%
Domain tunnel		5.2%
Burnley tunnel	3.2%	
Southern Link inbound (excl. Domai	4.0%	
Southern Link outbound (excl. Doma	1.7%	

RAMP Z QUEUE – AM PEAK







DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES WHAT CAN WE DO ABOUT IT?

VARIABLE SPEED LIMITS



- Reduce the speed differential between lanes on Bolte Bridge – safety issue
- Control the flow of traffic inbound on Western Link and Bolte Bridge – improve throughput

ALTERNATIVE POWER STREET EXIT

- Currently Power Street (exit to the CBD) can only be accessed by Ramp Z
- Looking at the option of exiting via Ramp L as well as Ramp Z to help ease congestion

FREEWAY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM



Including:

- Variable speed limit signs (VSLS)
- Ramp metering
- Variable message signs
- Lane use management signals

RELATED NETWORK DEVELOPMENT OTHER THINGS TO CONSIDER

- Victorian Government number one road priority is the East-West Link project
- Significant for Melbourne

"The new East-West Link is a once-in-a-generation project that would transform the way people move around Melbourne in a way not seen since CityLink and the City Rail Loop were constructed."

transurba

Premier Ted Baillieu, Media Release 17 November 2011. Coalition Government announces priority infrastructure projects for Victoria.

CONCLUSION



CONTINUED STRONG PERFORMANCE WITH 10.3% EBITDA GROWTH

Tolling developments

 In December GLIDe went live and is performing as expected – first major toll upgrade since CityLink started

Infrastructure activities

- Major resurfacing activities on Western Link completed successfully
- Continually looking for ways to improve asset performance and reduce costs, e.g. LED lights on Red sticks

Development activities

 Western Link is our main focus now that Southern Link is complete





THIS COMING SUNDAY...







AGENDA



- 1. NSW overview
- 2. Safety
- 3. Performance
- 4. M2 Upgrade
- 5. M5 Widening
- 6. M7 Erskine Park Link Road
- 7. Other enhancement projects

transurban

NSW OVERVIEW OWNERSHIP AND CONTROL

Toll road assets	Ownership interest	Board seats	TCL managed
Hills M2	100%	N/A	\checkmark
Lane Cove Tunnel	100%	N/A	\checkmark
M1 Eastern Distributor	75.1%	3 out of 4 (and Chair)	\checkmark
Westlink M7	50%	2 out of 4	
M5	50%	2 out of 5 (and Chair)	

Tolling brands	Preferred tolling provider	
Roam	Westlink M7	
Roam Express	Hills M2 and Lane Cove Motorways, ED	
E-way (50%)	M5, ED (tags only)	





- M2 Upgrade reached almost 1,800,000 hours (Jan 2011 Feb 2012) with lost time injuries totalling three for the project
- LCT-MRE and ED sites incorporated into TU AS4801 accreditation (Oct 2011)
- Ongoing due diligence and audit of safety system





NSW P&L RESULTS FIRST HALF 2012 RESULTS HIGHLIGHTS – P&L AND TRAFFIC

TRAFFIC AND REVENUE GROWTH

PROFIT AND LOSS

31 DEC 11	TRAFFIC GROWTH (%)	TOLL REVENUE GROWTH (%)			
Traffic and revenue growth					
Hills M2	(4.6%)	(2.2%)			
Lane Cove Tunnel ⁽¹⁾	(0.2%)	32.3% (1)			
M1 Eastern Distributor	0.8%	0.5%			
Westlink M7	1.9%	4.9%			
M5	0.7%	3.1%			

	31 DEC 11 (\$M)	31 DEC 10 (\$M)	% CHANGE
Revenue			
Toll revenue	233.1	223.3 ⁽¹⁾	4.4%
Fee and other revenue	17.0	17.7	(4.0%)
Total revenue	250.1	241.0	3.8%
Total cost	(60.9)	(58.5)	(4.1%)
EBITDA	189.2	182.5	3.7%
EBITDA margin	81.2%	81.7%	

- Revenue growth despite challenges
- M2 Upgrade on schedule
- M5 Widening Term Sheet signed
- Operational enhancements implemented

NSW P&L data represents the results for the NSW segment and includes the contribution of Hills M2, Lane Cove Tunnel, M1 Eastern Distributor, M4 (comparative period only), M5, M7, Roam and Tollaust – proportional to Transurban ownership.

1. Contribution from Lane Cove Tunnel in prior comparative period is 10 August 2010 (date Transurban took ownership) until 31 December.



CUMBERLAND HWY / PENNANT HILLS RD -0-0 Western Zone Central Eastern **M7** Zone Zone CHRISTIE M2 RYDE PENNANT HILLS RD LANE COVE RD Tunnel ROAD WINDSOR OLD Zone M2 LANE COVE DELHI \circ WINDSOR RD LANE COVE ABBOTT RD TUNNEL NEW RAMPS **STAGE 1 STAGE 3** Windsor Rd Ramps BEECROFT RD **Project Completion and toll price uplift** Tunnel New lanes Hills M2 Interchange Motorway **Electronic Toll Collection** DELHI RD - Major Road **Toll Collection Point** New T2 lane cash & electronic - Bus Lane New Ramps M2 Proposed M2 Upgrade **Concept Design**

M2 UPGRADE

SCOPE OF WORKS

STAGE 2 Herring Rd / Christie Rd Ramps



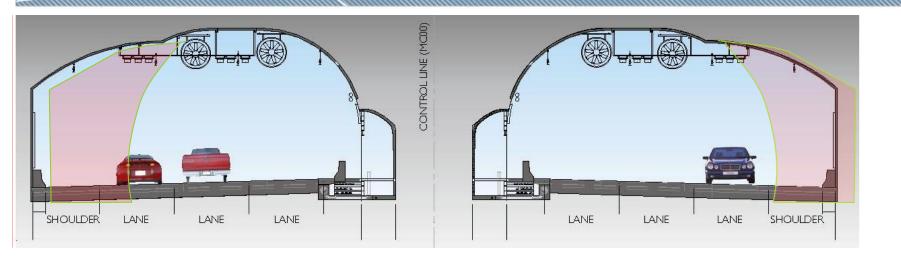
WINDSOR ROAD RAMPS

- New ramp tolls (2009 levels) \$1.67 (cars) and \$5.02 (trucks)
- There is currently a large distance (12km) between west facing access points to the Orbital
- Additional revenue for Westlink M7 expected from longer trip lengths





NORFOLK TUNNEL



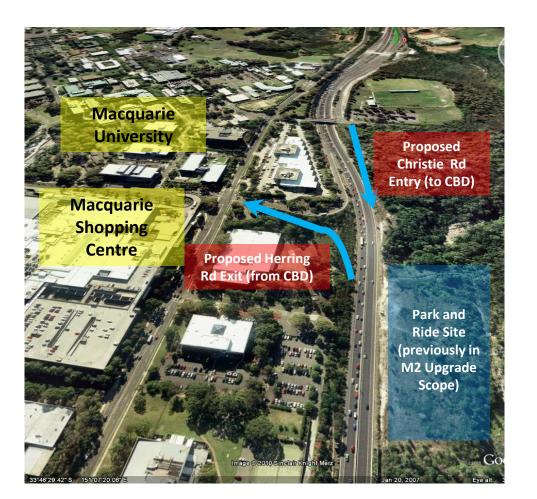
- Hawkesbury sandstone supported by steel rock bolts and fibrecrete
- Westbound interim widening three narrow lanes, no breakdown lane, reduced speed limits.
- M2 Upgrade includes: widening to provide three lanes and shoulder, systems upgrade (including lighting to current Australian Standard)





RAMPS SERVICING MACQUARIE PARK

- Herring Road and Christie Road ramps
- New ramp tolls (2009 levels) –
 \$2.37 (cars) and \$7.08 (trucks)
- Strong employment growth over last decade
- Significant expansion plans for Macquarie University and Macquarie Shopping Centre

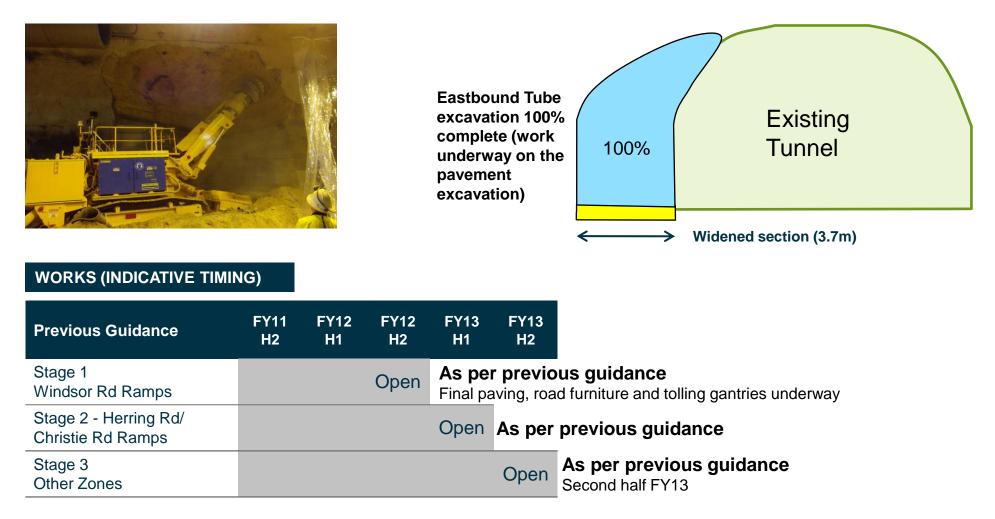




CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS – 60% COMPLETE

EASTBOUND TUNNEL PROGRESS

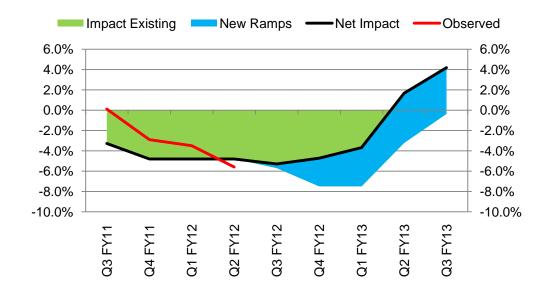
M2 UPGRADE





M2 UPGRADE

- Sluggish economy, wet weather and higher than expected sensitivity to construction disturbance
- Higher traffic diversion in recent months
- Continuing impact on Lane Cove Tunnel and Westlink M7
- Traffic benefits from Windsor Road ramps will start to offset these impacts in May 2012



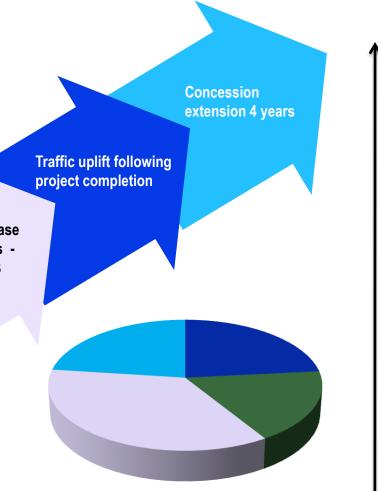


M2 UPGRADE **PROJECT BENEFITS**

- M2 Upgrade funding sources ٠ structured with near-term bias
- Benefits begin to offset construction traffic impacts in May 2012 with Windsor Road
 - ramp opening
- 7.7% toll increase (all toll points end Stage 3

Herring Road Ramps – tolled at \$2.37 (Dec 2009 dollars - inc. GST)

Windsor Road Ramps – tolled at \$1.67 (Dec 2009 dollars - inc. GST)

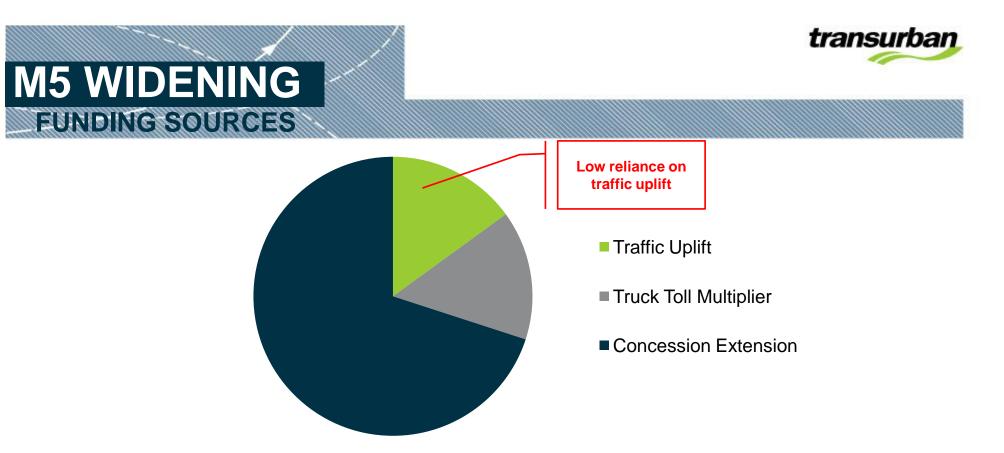




M5 WIDENING PROJECT OVERVIEW



- Approximately \$400 million project (\$50m funded directly by NSW Government)
- Interlink component funding 60:40 (debt:equity)
- Additional lane to provide a minimum three lanes in each direction
- Construction expected to commence early FY13 and complete in mid-FY15

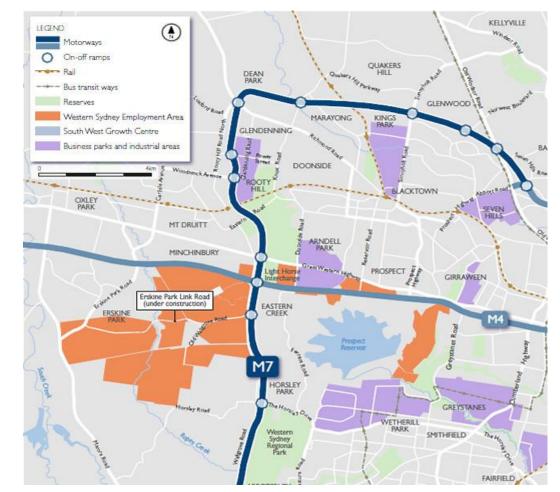


- Traffic uplift (from additional capacity)
- Approximately 50% of M5 users also use the M5 East
- 3.3 year concession extension from August 2023 to December 2026
- Higher truck toll multiplier increases from 2.2x to 3.0x (graduated over eight quarters)
- Final documentation with Government and contractor on track for June 2012 financial close



WESTLINK M7 ERSKINE PARK LINK ROAD

- Work has commenced on the Erskine Park Link Road – a \$55m project funded by NSW Government
- Will provide a vital link between the Western Sydney Employment Area (WSEA) and the M7 and M4 motorways
- Expected to be completed in 2013
- A key step in enabling the WSEA to accommodate the targeted 40,000 jobs for the region





O&M ENHANCEMENTS CASHLESS TOLLING

Hills M2

- Reduction in cash percentage to less than 5% since M2 negotiations
- Implemented on 30 January 2012
- Cost savings to M2 Upgrade project and ongoing O&M savings

Eastern Distributor

- Implemented at the same time as M2
- Less than 3% cash at time of implementation
- Smaller project (only one cash booth and coin machine to decommission)
- Ongoing O&M savings

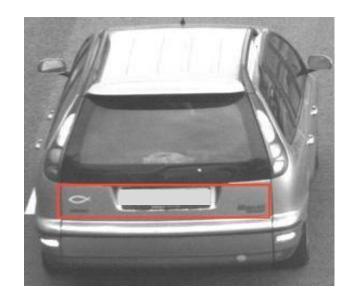




O&M ENHANCEMENTS VEHICLE FINGERPRINTING

- Vehicle fingerprinting
 - Automation of image processing has increased from 45% to 85%
 - Improved accuracy
- Call centre optimisation project

IMAGE EXTRACTION FEATURE







O&M ENHANCEMENTS

- Increased operational efficiency
- Procurement of combined O&M services (competitive tender)
- New contracts will seek to unlock economies of scale across the two 100% Transurban owned assets
 - EOI held late 2011 six respondents submitted and outlined intention to bid
 - Tender on track to open in quarter 4 FY12
 - New contracts expected by end of 2012 enabling transition post completion of M2 Upgrade







495 EXPRESS LANES PROJECT UPDATE

KEN DALEY-PRESIDENT INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT

SAFETY FOCUS



- Award-winning Transurban safety campaign -Orange Cones, No Phones: surveys show a drop in distracted driving
- Fluor Lane safety record is excellent
 - Over seven million man hours worked with two lost time injuries
 - Three million man hours worked since last lost time injury
 - Safety culture across the project
- Vehicle incidents within the work zone low for difficult environment
- Expected to improve as relocation of General Purpose Lanes and bridge works come to a close

INJURIES

	Industry	Fluor-Lane
Recordable	4.70	0.78
Lost time	1.70	0.06



CAPITAL BELTWAY HOT LANES SUMMARY

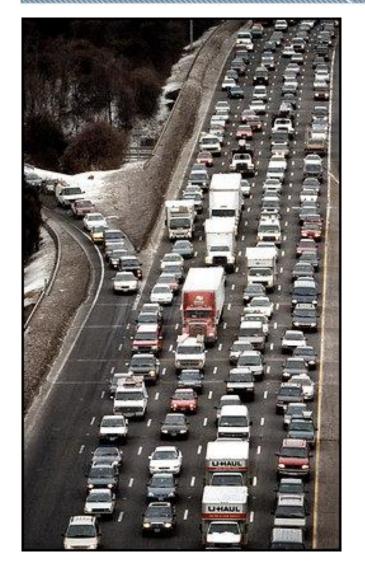
- 14 miles of High Occupancy Toll (HOT) lanes on Capital Beltway in Virginia
- 75 year concession post construction
- No Termination for Convenience
- Dynamic system with variable tolls to maintain free flow traffic conditions
- No charge for HOV-3+ and transit
- Excessive HOV use protection
- State and discriminatory law change protection
- HOT lanes provide direct access to Tysons Corner (north & south)

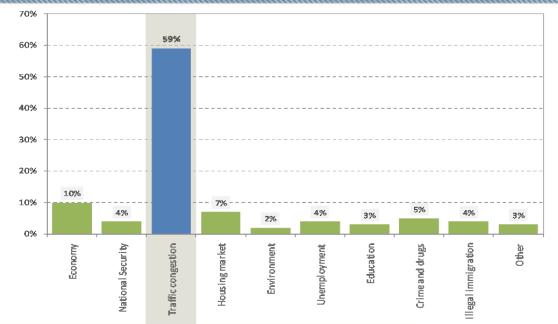


transurban



CAPITAL BELTWAY THE PROBLEM







BIGGEST PROBLEM IN D.C. AREA: TRAFFIC CONGESTION

Source: Greater Washington 2050 Coalition, February 2009



CAPITAL BELTWAY THE PROJECT

- Construction involves relocating the four 'General Purpose Lanes' out to allow building of new lanes between Springfield Interchange and north of the Dulles Toll Road
- Two new lanes in each direction, increasing the number of lanes to 12
- Upgrades to 11 interchanges involving 53 bridges and a 'fifth level' to the Springfield Mixing Bowl
- Dynamic toll pricing to manage traffic and maintain free-flow conditions





CAPITAL BELTWAY HOT LANES

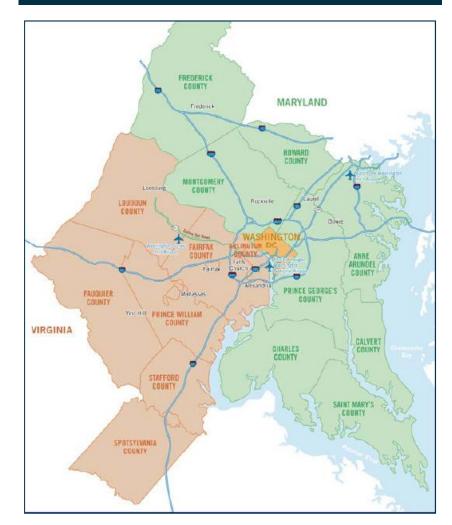


WASHINGTON REGIONAL STATUS POPULATION AND EMPLOYMENT

- Washington regional population in 2010 was 6.6 million providing employment for 3.9 million
- MWCOG 2010 forecasts show strong growth over the planning horizon

MILLIONS	2025	2040
Population	7.8	8.6
Employment	4.8	5.5
Households	3.0	3.4

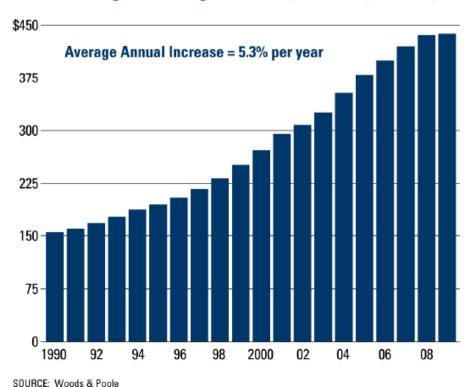
WASHINGTON DC AND SURROUNDING COUNTIES





WEALTH

- Average annual Gross Regional Product (GRP) growth of 5.3% since 1990
- 2009 GRP of \$443bn which has doubled in the last 12 years
- Second highest GRP per capita in the US (\$71,323 in 2009) behind San Francisco
- Washington is the fifth largest regional economy in the US
- Counties in the Washington Region make up four of the top 10 US counties per household income



Greater Washington Gross Regional Product, 1990-2009 (in billions)

transurban

CONGESTION WORST IN THE US

Urban area	pera	Yearly delay per auto commuter		Excess fuel per auto commuter		Congestion cost per auto commuter		
	Hours	Rank	Value	Rank	Gallons	Rank	Dollars	Rank
Very Large Average (15 areas)	50		1.26		39		1,166	
Washington DC-VA-MD	70	1	1.30	2	57	1	1,555	2
Chicago IL-IN	70	1	1.25	7	52	2	1,738	1
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana CA	63	3	1.38	1	50	4	1,464	3
Houston TX	58	4	1.25	7	52	2	1,322	4
San Francisco-Oakland CA	49	6	1.27	4	39	6	1,112	6
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington TX	48	7	1.22	16	38	7	1,077	8
Boston MA-NH-RI	48	7	1.20	20	36	10	1,112	6
Atlanta GA	44	10	1.22	16	35	11	1,046	11
Seattle WA	44	10	1.24	11	35	11	1,056	10
New York-Newark NY-NJ-CT	42	13	1.27	4	32	14	999	13
Miami FL	39	15	1.23	13	31	18	892	18
Philadelphia PA-NJ-DE-MD	39	15	1.19	23	30	21	919	17
San Diego CA	37	18	1.18	25	31	18	848	20
Phoenix AZ	36	20	1.20	20	31	18	972	14
Detroit MI	33	26	1.15	36	24	36	761	30

Source: Texas Transportation Institute, 2010



TRAFFIC & REVENUE UPDATE

- Traffic data shows conditions on the Beltway continue to be poor
- 'Free speed' is >60mph
- 'Free speed' not achieved during daylight hours
- Note speed profile in evening hours impacted by roadworks



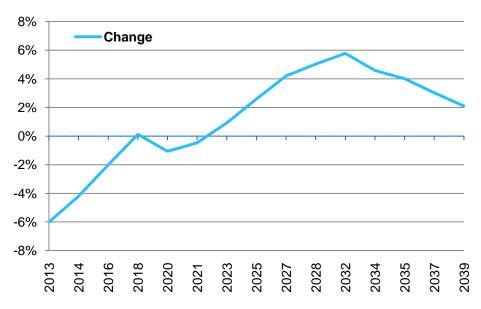
I-495 Counterclockwise Travel Speeds (Georgetown Pike to Springfield Interchange)

Hour of Weekday



TRAFFIC & REVENUE UPDATE

- Traffic and revenue study completed prior to Financial Close in 2007 / 2008; original study completed by Transurban / Stantec and audited by Arup
- Pluses and minuses due to MWCOG demographic population and network changes
- Other specific updated assumptions include:
 - Jones Branch Drive connector added
 - I-95 HOT lanes to now open later
 - Annualisation assumptions recalculated
 Small change in 2015 revenue forecast
- Overall result of the update confirms earlier forecasts as reasonable
- Peer review concluded work and results are 'high standard'



REVENUE: 2011 VERSUS 2007 FORECAST

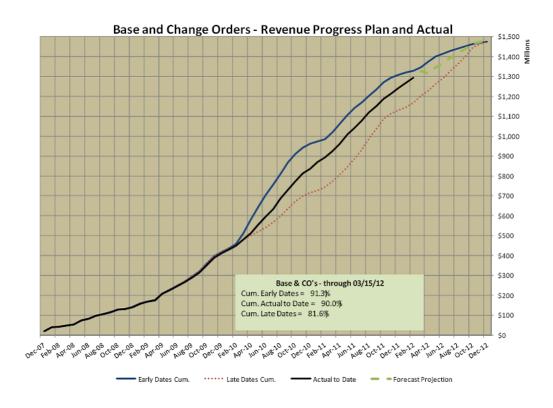


CAPITAL BELTWAY HOT LANES CONSTRUCTION UPDATE



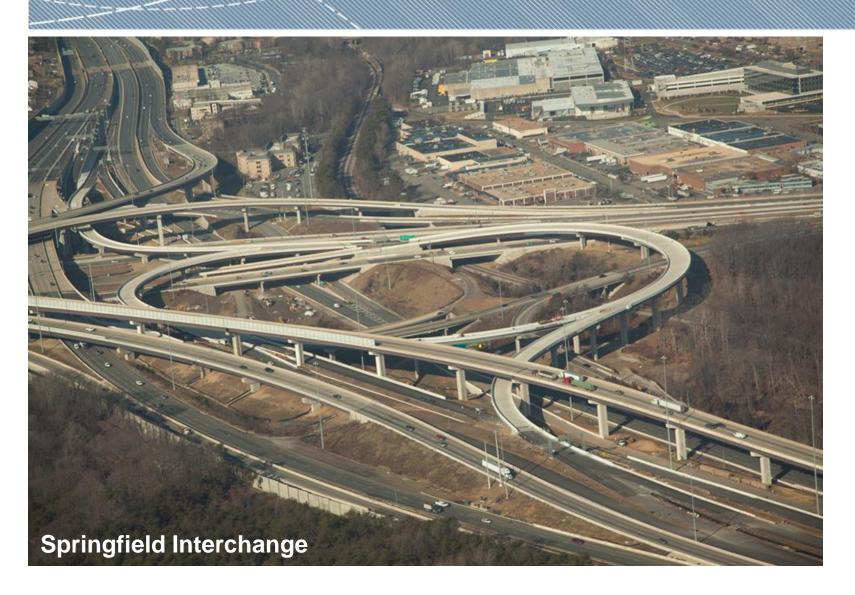
CONSTRUCTION UPDATE

- Design build (DB) contractor and independent engineer forecasting 'on time and on budget' completion
- 34 of 36 toll gantries installed
- Technical shelter fit out started
- Trunk communications installed
- DB contractor has no claims against the Concessionaire
- HOT Operations Center complete and operational





THE PROJECT VIEW





THE PROJECT VIEW



Late 2010: Outer lane construction view

January 2012: HOT lane footprint established



transurban

CAPITAL BELTWAY THE PROJECT

- Factory acceptance tests completed for:
 - Traffic management system
 - Roadside equipment
 - Back office system (part)
- Systems installation commencing April
- Transponders on track for delivery commencing July



Fully electronic tolling on the HOT lanes will allow customers to pay tolls with E-ZPass – eliminating the need to stop or slow down at toll booths.



PREPARING FOR OPERATIONS





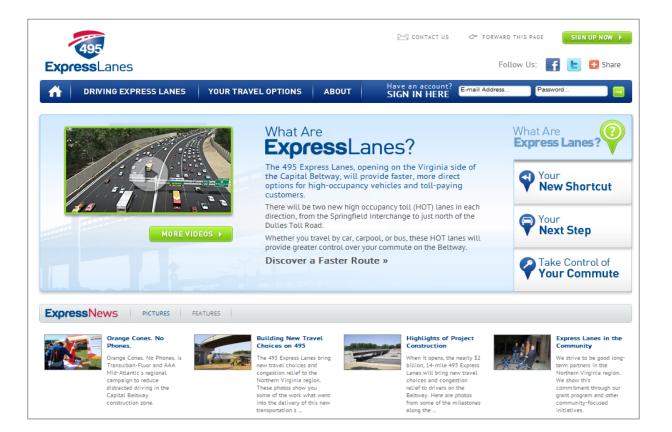
"HOT" TO "EXPRESS"

- From January 2012 Capital Beltway HOT Lanes became known as 495 Express Lanes
- Managed lanes, such as HOT lanes, are to be called "express lanes" per guidance from the Federal Highway Administration
- Timing of education program launched with naming





- Project website launched January 2012
- Provides targeted information to all user groups
- Tools such as maps, trip planners, FAQs, how to use the lanes, understanding signage and pricing
- Ability to sign up for alerts and customised information



CUSTOMER-FOCUSED WEBSITE



Take Control

		Мар	Satellite
67 -	Lang	ey Bro	
W/alf Trap	West M	cLean	A.C.
	McLean Pimmit Pimmit H	ills	
Vienna	A CONTRACT		
Dunn Loring			ee Hws Courthou
akton	Falls C	hurch	Courthou
56 (50) Merrit	field West Falls Church	Sev Corr	and the second se
Mantua	Mosby	Bailey Crossro	
	Annano	dale	395
(20)	North	Linc	
Kings Park	Springfield	395	49
Burke	enway Sprii	ngfield	Rose Hil
		Franc	onia 📐 🔨
Google	lapidata 82012 0	Google -	Terms of Use

IT YOUR COMMUTE, YOUR WAY

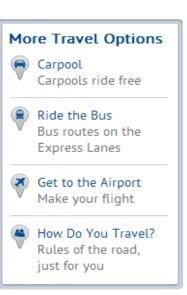
Travel on the Beltway is unpredictable. Express Lanes will provide a reliable travel option that puts you in control of your commute.

Enter your starting and ending locations to see how the Express Lanes can get you where you need to go.

Where will your trip begin?



SHOW MY TRIP >



transurban

Share





I DRIVE MYSELF

I RIDE A MOTORCYCLE

I DRIVE A TAXI

I OPERATE A BUS I RI

I RIDE IN A CARPOOL I'M IN A VANPOOL

SIGN UP NOW >



Signage

🛨 Share

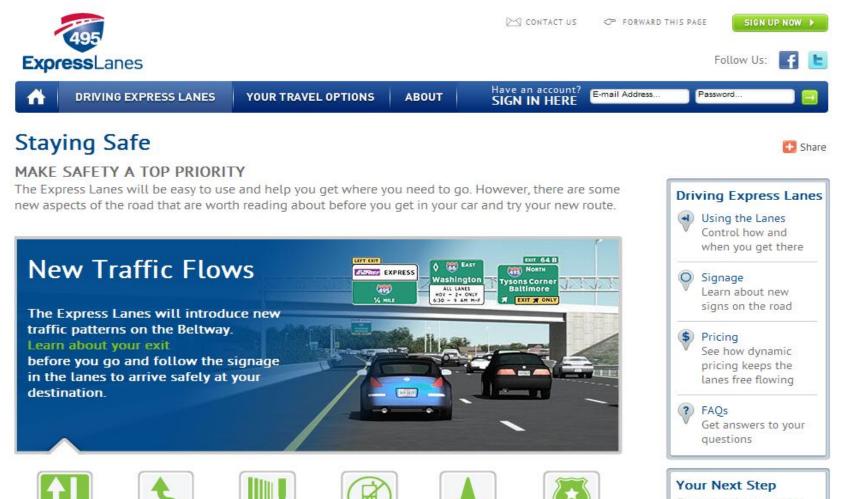
transurban



Learn more about how Express Lanes work » See how dynamic pricing keeps the lanes free flowing

Your Next Step Sign up today to receive





Sign up today to receive additional information, personalized travel tips and more.

NEW TRAFFIC FLOWS PULL TO THE LEFT

MIND THE BARRIER AVOID DISTRACTIONS

S SAFETY SERVICE

ETY SERVICE EN PATROL

ENFORCEMENT AND PROTECTION





I-95 EXPRESS LANES PROJECT

MICHAEL KULPER-PRESIDENT NORTH AMERICA



PROJECT OVERVIEW

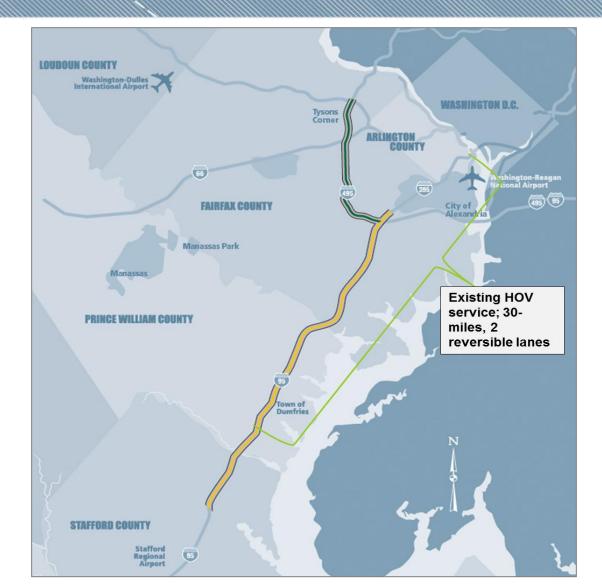
Overview / location

- ~\$1bn project same partners as Capital Beltway: Transurban, Fluor and VDOT
- Second major step in the creation of a regional network of express lanes in Northern Virginia, linking directly into the Capital Beltway Express Lanes
- Expansion of existing I-95 facility to create 29 miles of reversible HOV / Express lanes including:
- Provides regional links and congestion relief to some of Northern Virginia's fastest growing employment centers and major military sites



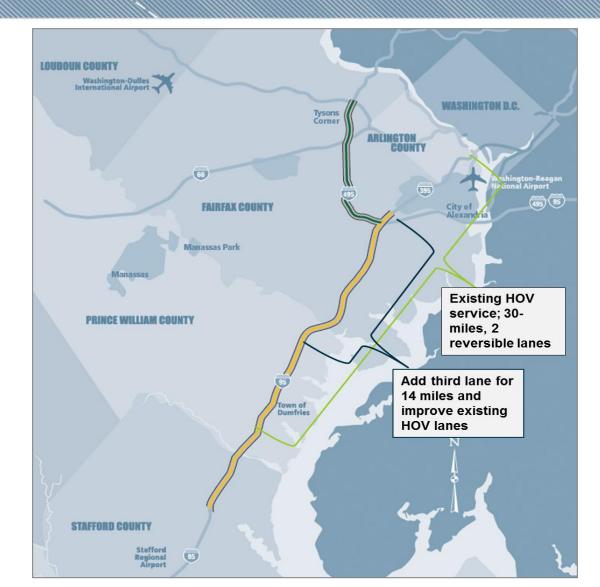


EXISTING HOV



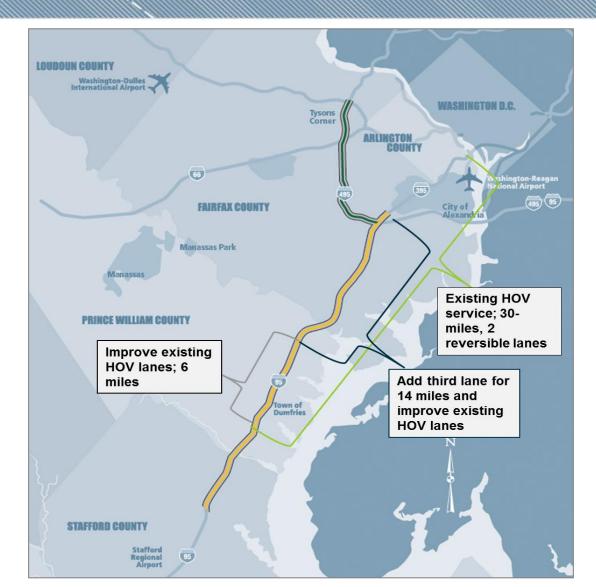


THREE LANE EXPANSION



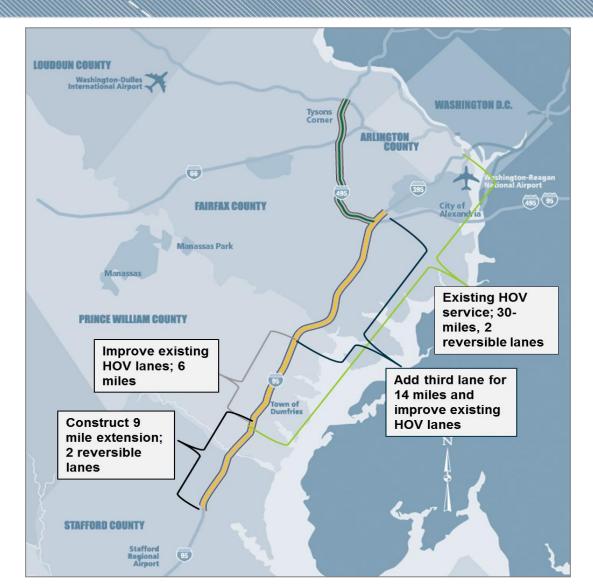


IMPROVE EXISTING HOV



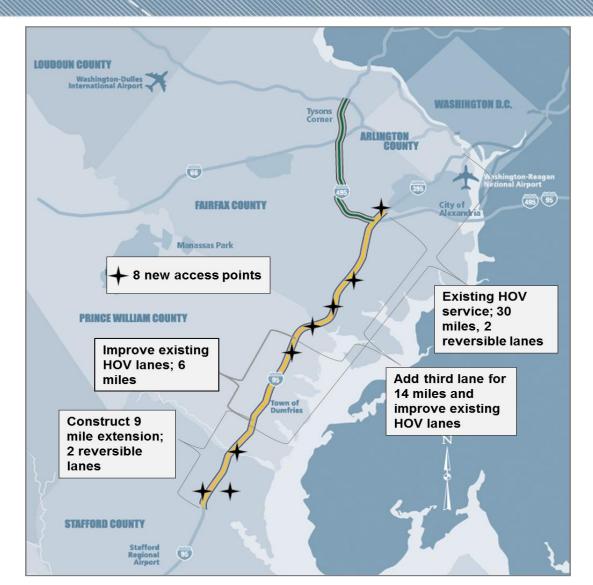


NINE MILE EXTENSION





EIGHT NEW ACCESS POINTS





STRONG FOUNDATIONS

Congestion

- Ranked worst in country for delay time and second worst for congestion ¹
- Peak period delays exceed 30 minutes and variability can double 'normal' delays
- Lack of credible alternative routes or transport modes

Attractive demographics

- Household incomes for counties within the I-95 / 395 corridor far exceed that of the nation, with four of five falling within the top 1%
- Unemployment trended at half the national average between 2005 and 2010
- Historical traffic growth

1.

- Traffic between 2000 and 2005 showed strong growth of 2.8% to 6.0%, with CAGR of 4.1%
- Positive traffic growth at a CAGR of 1.8% between 2005 and 2010 despite recession



RECEPTIVE MARKET

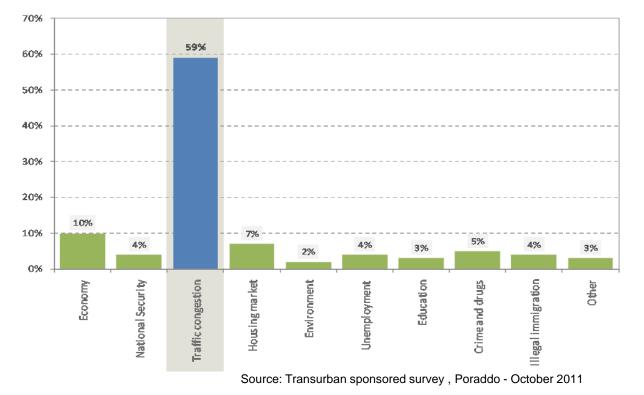


Frustrated commuters

 59% of people consider traffic congestion to be the biggest problem associated with living in Washington DC – more than all other categories combined

Educated users

- Extensive community outreach
- Users will be familiar with the similar Capital Beltway Express Lanes
- High tag penetration

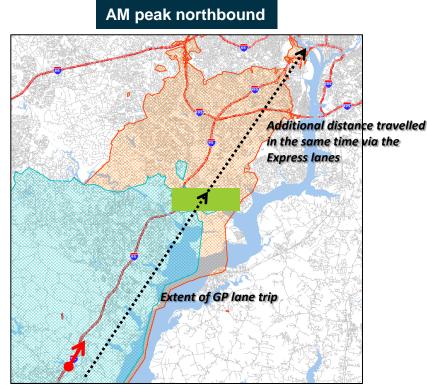




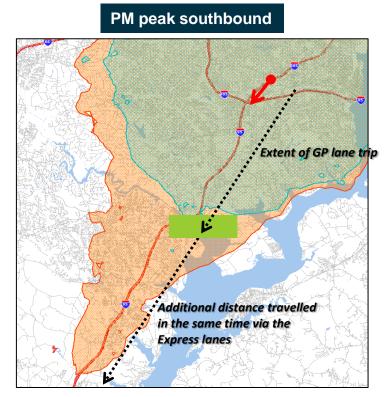
TANGIBLE SOLUTION

USERS BENEFIT THROUGH INCREASED TRAVEL OPTIONS

• Travel via the express lanes in both the morning and evening peak is significantly faster than the general purpose (GP) lanes. This allows drivers to significantly increase the distance they travel in the same amount of time



2015: 26 minute travel time from the southern entry point via GP and Express Lanes



2015: 35 minute travel time from the northern entry point via GP and Express Lanes



MANAGEABLE CONSTRUCTION EXPERIENCED TEAM, SOLID SECURITY PACKAGE

• Experienced / committed partners

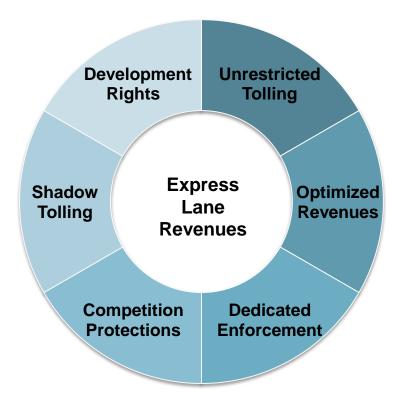
- Same design build contractor as Capital Beltway
- Excellent delivery and safety record
- Straightforward construction
 - Three-year construction period
 - Mostly existing roadway
 - Moderate number of structural enhancements
 - Significantly less complex than Capital Beltway
- Solid security package
 - Fixed-price, date-certain design build contract
 - Construction package similar to Capital Beltway
- Leveraging CBE
 - Minimal "new" system functionality required
 - Potential for operational efficiencies





SOUND TRAFFIC & REVENUE PROTECTIONS

- A negotiated transaction delivering real protections for the concessionaire
 - Unrestricted tolling: No limitation on frequency or magnitude of rate resets
 - Optimised revenue: Fully dynamic tolling system
 - Dedicated enforcement: Trooper enforcement and significant penalties in place to ensure compliance
 - Competition protections and shadow tolling: Protection structure will be comparable to Capital Beltway
 - Development rights: Potential for additional transport solutions could present enhancement opportunities.



• Underlying philosophy and traffic model development conservatively based to ensure realistic results



FINANCIAL STRUCTURE ROBUST FEATURES

- The funding structure will include an equity contribution, a government contribution and a subsidised debt package
- Attractive debt features
 - TIFIA and Private Activity Bonds
 - Ability to defer interest payments
 - Attractive, fixed-rate pricing
 - Long tenor (30+ years)
- Additional contingency and liquidity
- Risk sharing
 - Adverse movements in financing assumptions prior to financial close mitigated through risk sharing



PROJECT TIMELINE



Date	Event
December 2011	VDOT and sponsors reach agreement on major business terms
December 2011	Environmental approval (FONSI) received
December 2011	TIGER TIFIA award
March 2012	Commence Early Works (detailed design for civil and TTMS scope)
Second half 2012	Projected financial close
2015	Substantial completion / service commencement

Key milestones to financial close

- Secure necessary credit ratings
- Document and execute commercial agreements
- Negotiate and execute financing



CORPORATE STRUCTURE

MICHAEL BURNETT – GENERAL MANAGER FINANCE CRISTINA WOLTERS – HEAD OF TAXATION RICHARD HILLS – ASSISTANT TREASURER WESLEY BALLANTINE – GENERAL MANAGER INVESTOR RELATIONS, MEDIA AND GOVERNMENT

transurban

STATUTORY REPORTING

- Triple stapled entity: three sets of statutory accounts
 - THL group accounts
 - THT and TIL are stand-alone groups
- Group accounts include 100% of the results of Transurban controlled assets:
 - CityLink
 - M1 Eastern Distributor
 - Hills M2
 - Lane Cove Tunnel
- The after-tax results of non-controlled assets are "equity accounted"1
 - M5 (50%)
 - DRIVe (75%) DRIVe holds investments in Pocahontas 895 (100%) and Capital Beltway Express (90%)
 - Westlink M7 although currently WM7's results are not recognised due to accounting rules²
- 1. Under equity accounting method, non-controlled assets are included in the Consolidated Income Statement under the line item: 'Share of net (losses) of associates and joint venture partnerships accounted for using the equity method'.
- 2. Westlink M7 accounting losses have been offset against Transurban's initial equity investment resulting in a zero carrying value of the investment under equity accounting. M7 investment returns are from Term Loan Notes and are included in the statutory accounts within Interest Revenue.



PROPORTIONAL REPORTING

- Transurban believes that proportional reporting provides a better reflection of the operating performance of the business
- Proportional reporting is based on Transurban's ownership of assets
 - Aggregates individual P&L from each asset (multiplied by Transurban's ownership percentage) and Transurban Corporate
- Reconciliation of statutory to proportional result provided in Appendices to results presentation
- EBITDA is adjusted for one off items (if present) to reflect "underlying" business performance

FREE CASH



The Group's measure of cash generated by its operations that is available for distribution.

	Source of information / explanation	30 Jun '11 \$M
Cashflow from Operating Activities	Statutory cash flow (includes cash inflow from M7 TLNs)	374.7
Cashflow from Operating Activities – M1 and M4	Individual asset statutory cash flow (100% consolidated for statutory reporting)	(53.1)
M7 Term Loan Notes received	Transurban returns from Westlink M7 are through interest receipts on a long-term loan	(37.0)
Payment for maintenance capital expenditure		18.4
Controlled Cash		303.0
Distribution received from:		
M1 Eastern Distributor	Distribution received by the Transurban Group from the M1	32.4
M4 – Statewide Roads	Distribution received by the Transurban Group from the M4	4.9
M5 - Interlink	Distribution received by the Transurban Group from the M5	41.0
M7 Term Loan Notes interest received	Transurban returns from Westlink M7 are through interest receipts on a long term loan	37.0
Maintenance capital expenditure on 100% owned assets (including tags purchased)	Average maintenance capital expenditure – includes major maintenance capex expense as reported under AASB-I 12 and eTAG spend	(23.0)
Free Cash		395.3
One-offs: M4 –distribution from tolling business	Distribution after completion of concession	4.9
Underlying Free Cash		390.4
Number of securities – weighted average	Represents the weighted average number of stapled securities for the period	1,438
Underlying Free Cash per security (cents)	Calculated by dividing the free cash by the weighted average number of securities	27.0



TRANSURBAN SPECIFIC ITEMS

- IFRIC 12 Service Concession Arrangements
 - Classification of assets and amortisation
 - Construction revenue and expenses recognised for asset upgrades
 - Maintenance provision and expense
- Concession Notes/Promissory Notes
- IBonds
 - Rolled off in August 2011
- Tolling and Traffic Management System (TTMS)
 - TCL subcontract to deliver CBE tolling system, will result in genuine construction profit
- Individual published accounts (limitations as effective information source)

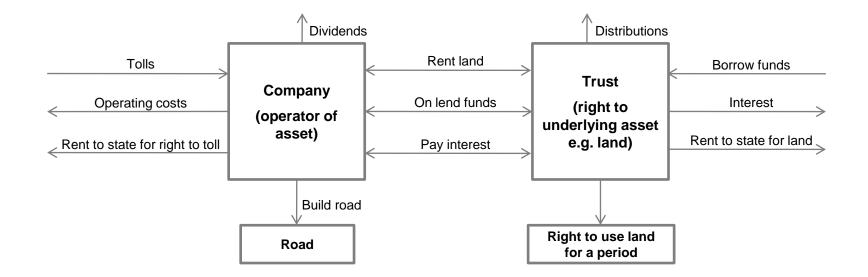
transurban

STAPLED STRUCTURE

- Structure has evolved due to:
 - Historical accounting and taxation requirements
 - Ability to distribute cash from operations whilst operating entities are making large "accounting" losses (due to amortisation)
 - Tax efficiency of distribution (tax deferred distributions)
 - Non-recourse financing nature of most assets
 - Growth through acquisition legacy structure
- Ongoing efforts to simplify
 - No negative impact to security holders
- Structure highlights the need for equity investors to look to the consolidated accounts
 - Zero sum impact of internal cash flows
- Distributions/dividends
 - Trust required to distribute all taxable income (taxed in hands of security holders)
 - Excess over this from trust is either:
 - A return of capital, or
 - A dividend.

transurban

SIMPLIFIED SET UP FOR AN INFRASTRUCTURE ROAD PROJECT

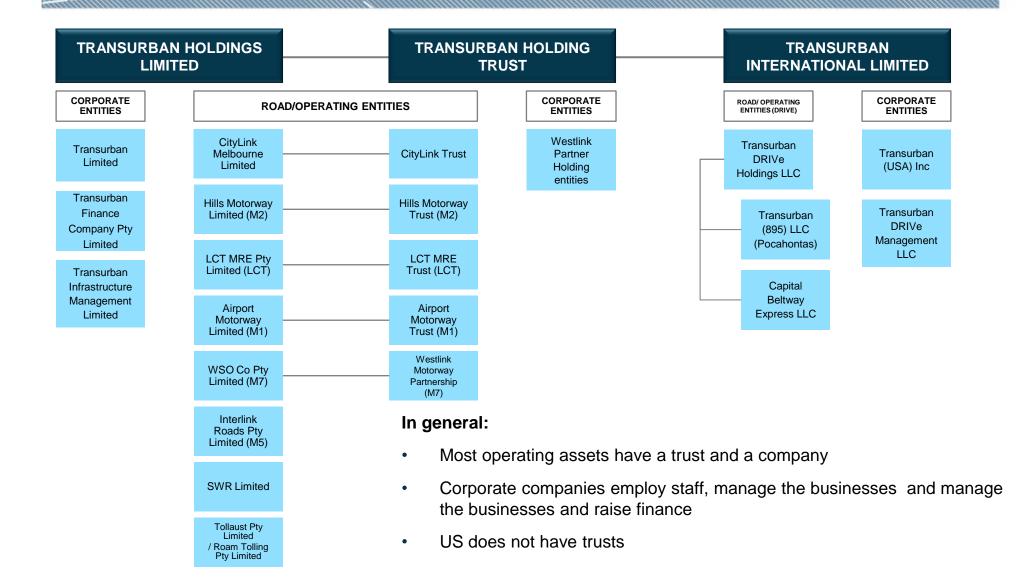


In general:

- Operating companies lease the land from the operating trusts and toll the roads
- Operating trusts have rights to the land and lease it to the company to run
- Operating trust procures all funding and provides funding to the operating company



SUMMARISED GROUP STRUCTURE





SUMMARISED GROUP STRUCTURE OPERATING ENTITIES (AUSTRALIA)

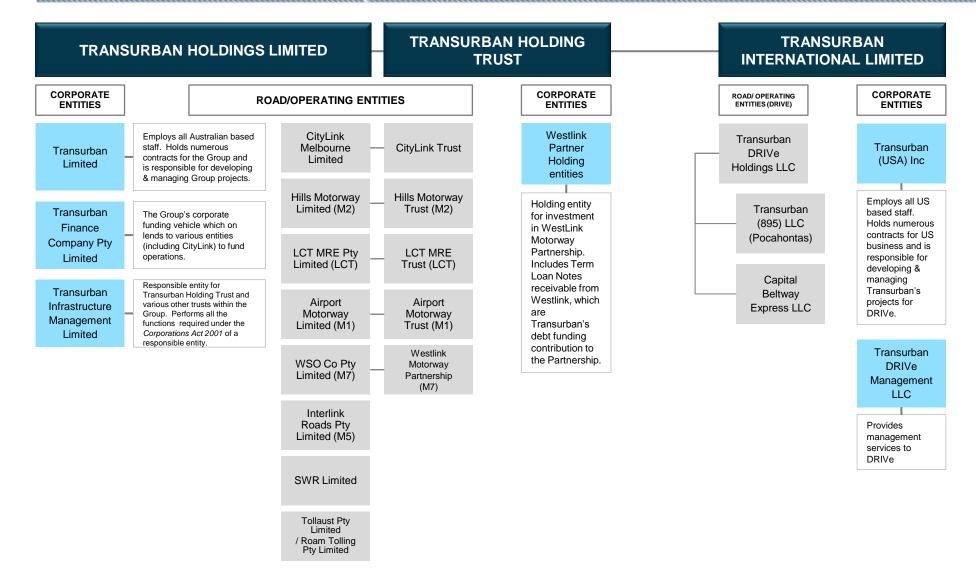
Pty Limited

Hills M2 Motorway.

	N HOLDINGS			AN HOLDING UST		TRANSURBAN INTERNATIONAL LIMITED		
CORPORATE ENTITIES		ROAD/OPERATING ENTITIES		CORPORATE ENTITIES	ROAD/ OPERATING ENTITIES (DRIVE)	CORPORATE ENTITIES		
Transurban Limited	CityLink Melbourne Limited	100% owned (consolidated). Company built, operates and maintains road. Trust receives rent on lease and interest on loan to company Trust funding from corporate borrowings (TFC).	CityLink Trust	Westlink Partner Holding entities	Transurban DRIVe Holdings LLC	Transurban (USA) Inc		
Transurban Finance Company Pty	Hills Motorway Limited (M2)	100% owned (consolidated). Company built, operates and maintains road. Trust receives rent on lease and interest on loan to company. Trust funding from non- recourse borrowings.	Hills Motorway Trust (M2)		Transurban (895) LLC	Transurban DRIVe		
Limited Transurban Infrastructure Management Limited	LCT MRE Pty Limited (LCT)	100% owned (consolidated). Company owns right to toll, operate and maintain the road. Trust receives rent on lease. All funding in trust.	LCT MRE Trust (LCT)		(Pocahontas) Capital	Managemen LLC		
	Airport Motorway Limited (M1)	75.1% owned (consolidated). Company built, operates and maintains road. Trust receives interest on loan to company. Funding from non-recourse borrowings.	Airport Motorway Trust (M1)	L	Beltway Express LLC			
	WSO Co Pty Limited (M7)	50% owned (equity accounted). WSO Co operates and maintains road. Partnership built road and receives rent on lease and interest on loan to company. Partnership funding from non-recourse borrowings and term loan notes.	Westlink Motorway Partnership (M7)					
	Interlink Roads Pty Limited (M5)	50% owned (equity accounted). Built, operates and maintains road, and has own borrowings (no trust structure). Funding from non-recourse borrowings.						
	SWR Limited	100% owned (consolidated). Built, operated and maintained M4.						
	Tollaust Pty Limited / Roam Tolling	100% owned (consolidated). Provides tolling and customer services functions. Tollaust also operates the						



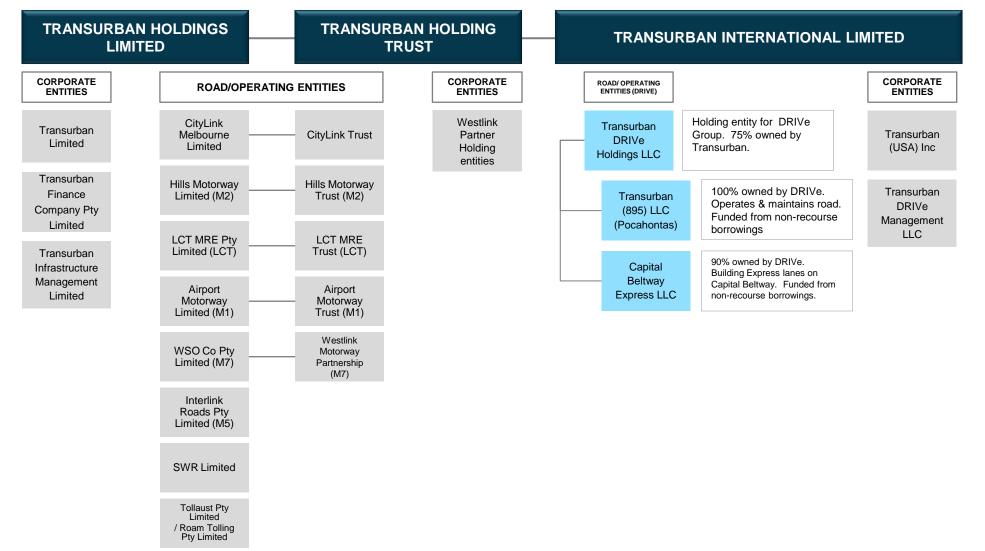
SUMMARISED GROUP STRUCTURE





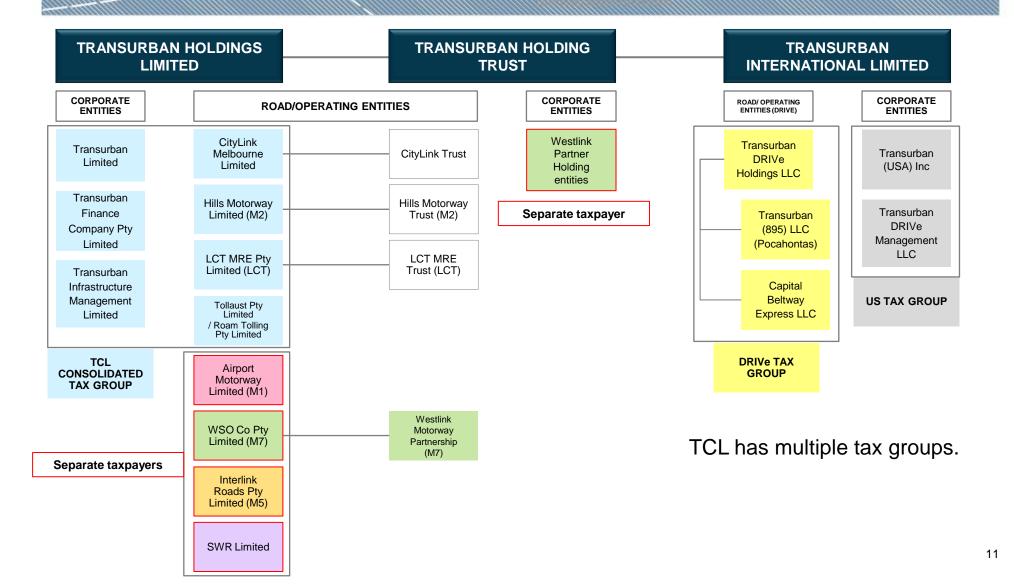
SUMMARISED GROUP STRUCTURE

OPERATING ENTITIES (DRIVe)



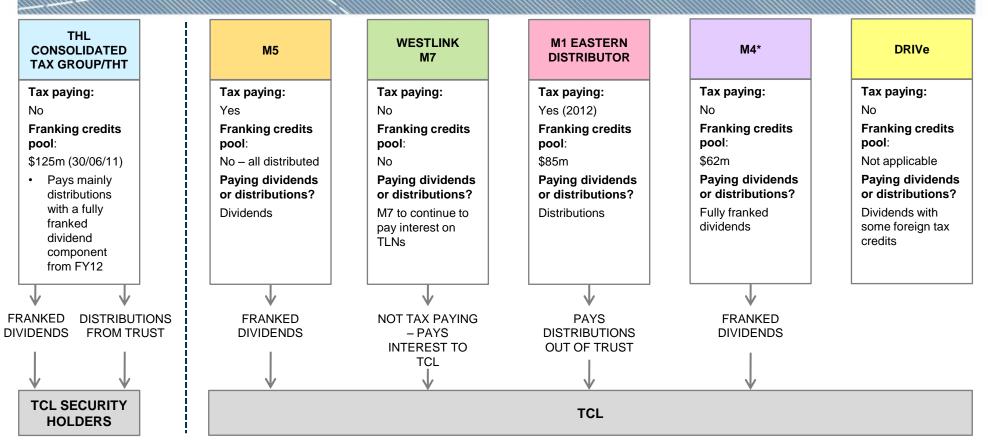


SUMMARISED TAX GROUPS





TAX ATTRIBUTES



- THL consolidated tax group franking credit pool created through SRG acquisition, M5 and M4 franked distributions
- THL franking credit pool to be distributed to TCL security holders in near term assuming income available for distribution remains greater than THT income
- THL tax group non-tax paying entity in near term

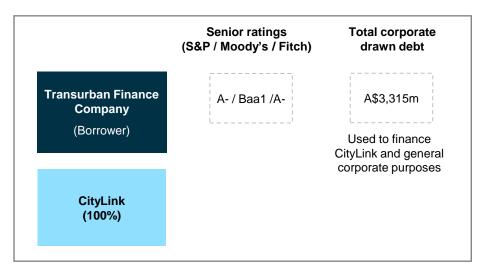
* No longer operating concession - entity remains with service centre revenue until 2017



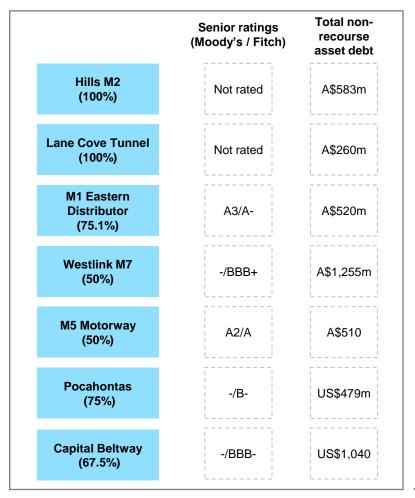
FUNDING STRUCTURE

- Two groups of debt:
 - Corporate
 - Non recourse
- Refinanced \$5.2bn across 14 transactions since May 2009

CORPORATE DEBT



NON RECOURSE DEBT





ASSETS (funded by non recourse debt)

SECURITY STRUCTURE

CORPORATE DEBT

FY11 EBITDA (100%) **Transurban Finance** Senior secured Company lenders (rank pari passu) Hills M2 Corporate debt used to (Borrower) A\$119.7m finance CityLink and (100%) general corporate purposes Lane Cove Tunnel **Corporate Security** A\$29.8m **Providers** (100%) M1 Eastern Distributor A\$69.8m (75.1%) Security Providers guarantee corporate debt and their assets secure amounts Equity Westlink M7 owing under guarantee A\$149.3m distributions (50%) Security trust M5 Motorway CityLink assets A\$150.3m (50%) **Pocahontas** CityLink A\$8.4m (75%) (100%) Scheduled **Capital Beltway** FY11 EBITDA to open (67.5%) A\$382.1m early 2013

transurban

STAPLED STRUCTURE

- TCL distributions to remain trust distributions as first priority (tax imperative) with pool of franking credits available for franked dividends over and above trust income in near term
- Ongoing efforts to simplify structure however, non recourse assets and tax impacts mean material changes unlikely in near term
- Zero sum impact of internal cash flows on Group result means investors should concentrate on Group consolidated result/accounts for Group performance
- Transurban to continue to focus on proportional results in addition to statutory requirements
- Transurban balance sheet in robust state proactive treasury management will continue



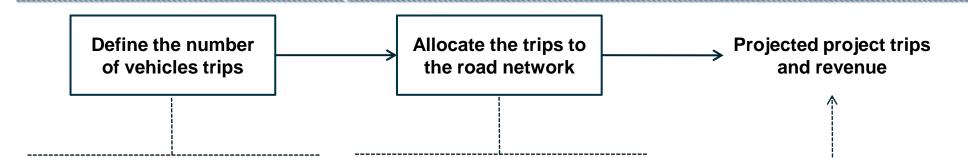


TOLL ROAD MODELS

KEN DALEY – PRESIDENT INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT JOHN MUNDY – GENERAL MANAGER TRAFFIC FORECACSTING



MODELLING TOLL ROAD USAGE STANDARD ELEMENTS



Referred to as "Trip Generation", "Distribution" and "Mode Choice"

- Establishes the total number of vehicle trips around the city
- Establishes where the vehicles are travelling to and from (referred to as origins and destinations)
- Primarily based on projected socioeconomic factors (e.g. wealth, land use patterns, etc)

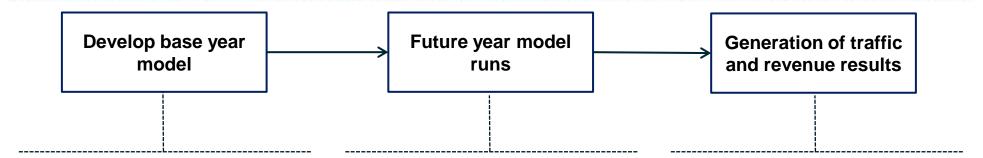
Referred to as "Trip Assignment"

- Allocates the vehicles to the road network between their origins and destinations
- Choice between route alternatives essentially based on users wanting to minimise their total trip cost (time, money, intangibles, etc)
- Tolled roads represent one of many road types users can
 choose from

Those vehicles that choose to use the toll roads are identified from the model results and their associated tolls counted



MODELLING TOLL ROAD USAGE



- Used to demonstrate that the model developed has the capability to reflect known conditions
- "Proven" through:
 - Calibration and validation activities
 - Surveys
 - Benchmarking
- This process "sets" the key parameters at a known point in time

- Used to provide average weekday traffic and revenue projections for key future years
- Base year model parameters are updated to reflect future road network and socioeconomic conditions
- Preparation of assumptions for future conditions encompasses personal wealth, CPI, toll rates, etc

- Used to convert modelled (average weekday) results to yearly traffic and revenue numbers for the life of the concession
- Adjustments to forecasts are necessary to reflect:
 - Ramp up
 - Conversion of weekday to yearly values



THERE IS NO FUNDAMENTAL DIFFERENCE BETWEEN CONVENTIONAL AND HOT LANE MODELS

- The same approach and tools are used to model the HOT lanes as for traditional toll roads
- The modelling approach is fundamentally consistent with the traditional toll road projects
- Inputs and techniques remain unchanged
- The key differences relate to the objectives and interpretations associated with the HOT lane
 Principally:
 - Different toll rates by time period
 - Speeds that must meet minimum thresholds

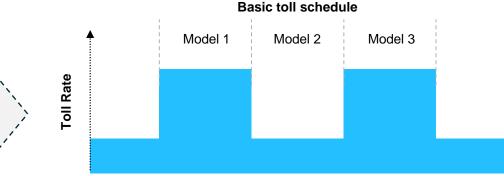
	Traditional toll road projects	HOT lane projects					
နာ ch	Land use and input assumptions are based on Government forecasts	Same					
Inputs & approach	Existing proven tools for predicting traffic and revenue for tollways	Same					
ln ap	Multiple time periods modelled	Same					
	Multiple vehicle types modelled	Same					
	Tolls are the same for all time periods and directions	Tolls may differ by time period and direction					
Objectives & interpretatior	Iterative approach used to determine optimal toll level, with all periods needing the same toll	Iterative approach used to determine optimal toll levels and to ensure speeds are maintained.					
	Provides constrained (suboptimal) revenue. (Tolls in peaks are likely to be below optimal and in off peaks above optimal, to provide a balance).	Optimal tolls are obtained for each time period, maximising total revenue.					

SATISFYING THE ADDITIONAL HOT LANE REQUIREMENTS IS SIMPLE AND INTUITIVE

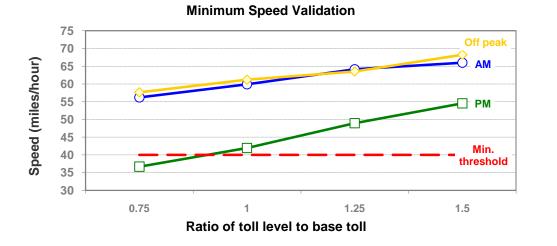
Optimising revenues by time period

The day is divided into separate time segments; each of which is modelled separately. This provides different tolls (a simple toll schedule) by time of day and direction.





Time of Day



Meeting minimum requirements

The model is run iteratively with intermediate checks to ensure speeds in HOT lanes met SAFTEA-LU regulations ... Observation and repetition.

transurban

THE CHANGES REQUIRED FOR FORECASTING ARE MINIMAL



The changes in future year model runs is limited to parameters that are known or expected to change over time. All other factors remain unchanged in order to ensure the inter-relationships established in the base year remain valid.

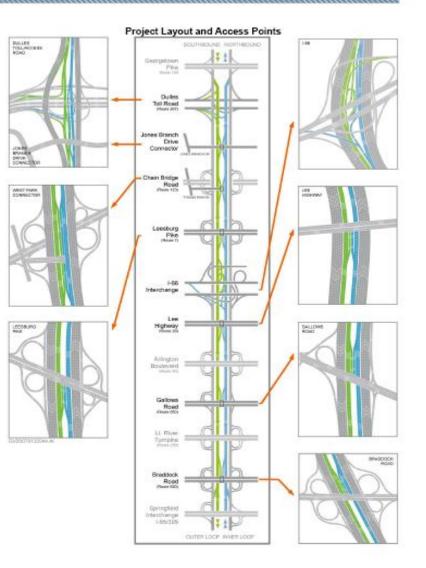
The key changes effectively relate to factors associated with natural, or normal, growth within the city.

Key factor	Base year (2005)	Future years			
Socioeconomic (land use, population and employment, etc)	MWCOG + minor adjustments	MWCOG + minor adjustments			
Wealth	As per government forecast	Minor per annum real increase			
Road network	As per 2005 conditions	As per government medium and long term planning guidelines			
Toll rates	n/a	Incremented to ensure speed is achieved			



TOLLING ARCHITECTURE

- Toll system is based on an 'open architecture' – similar to CityLink
- Nine toll points in each direction
- Current traffic volumes vary from 180,000 vpd to > 200,000 vpd
- HOT lane volumes expected to have a similar 'pattern'
- Toll level will be different at each toll point / direction for most of the day



transurban

495 POSSIBLE ORIGINS-DESTINATIONS

DESTINATIONS

ORIGINS	Spring Int.	Spring Gap	Brad.	Gall.	Lee	I-66	Rt. 7	West.	Jones	DTR	N. Term
Springfield Interchange					х	x	x	x	x	х	x
Springfield Gap					х	x	x	x	x	х	x
Braddock Road					х	x	x	x	x	х	X
Gallows Road					х	x	x	x	x	Х	X
I-66							x	x	x	Х	X
Northern Terminus	x	x	x	x		x		x	x	Х	
Dulles Toll Road	x	x	x	x		x		x			
Jones Branch Drive	x	x	x	x		x		x			x
Westpark Drive	x	x	х	x		x			х	х	x
Route 7	x	x	х	x		x					
I-66	x	x	Х	x							
Lee Highway	X	x	Х	Х							



SR91 EXPRESS CASE STUDY



SR91 EXPRESS LANES

- The SR91 facility links the counties of Riverside and Orange in California
- The SR91 is a 10 mile HOT lane system that has two tolled lanes in each direction
- The HOT Lanes were opened to the public in December 1995
- Free flow tolling approaches are used to eliminate toll booths
- Toll rates are fixed via schedules for each hour and day of the week
- While SR91 applies simpler tolling than Capital Beltway will, it represents the closest match in terms of scale and operations

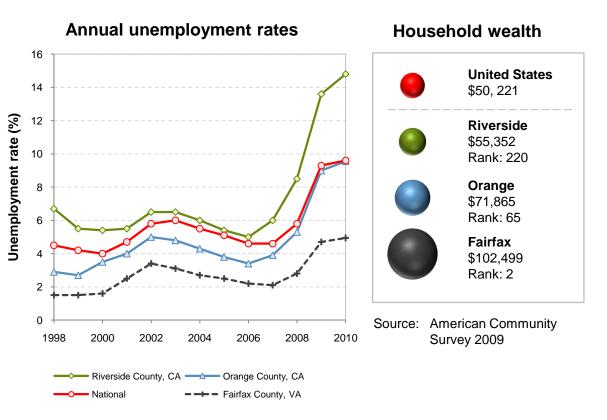


Note – SR91 is not a directly comparable tolling asset to Capital Beltway, however, has been used for comparative illustrative purposes.



SR91 CATCHMENT DEMOGRAPHICS

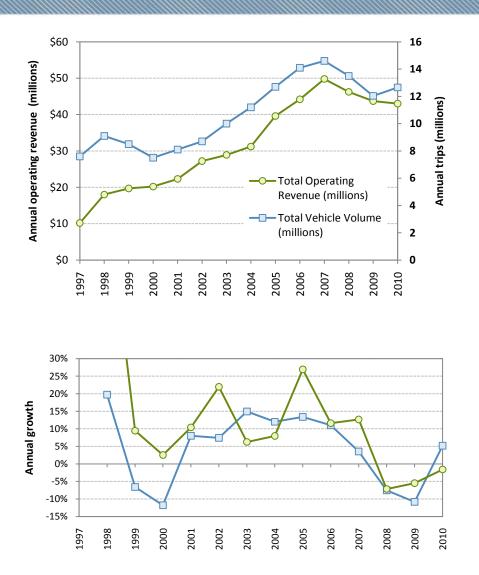
- The SR91 is predominately seen as a commuter route between Riverside and Orange counties
- A comparison between the SR91 catchment and Fairfax (the key County for the Capital Beltway) demonstrates the relative strength of the Capital Beltway catchment:
 - Unemployment rates are substantially below the SR91 catchment and national averages
 - Household wealth is significantly greater than SR91 and national values



Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics

SR91 TRAFFIC AND REVENUE GROWTH

- The SR91 has shown strong and sustained growth in both trips and revenue throughout
- Through the 'great recession' of 2008 and 2009 trips and revenues declined moderately, but are showing signs of recovery
- Despite the recent recession growth rates (post ramp up) have averaged 7.4% per annum (1999 to 2010)

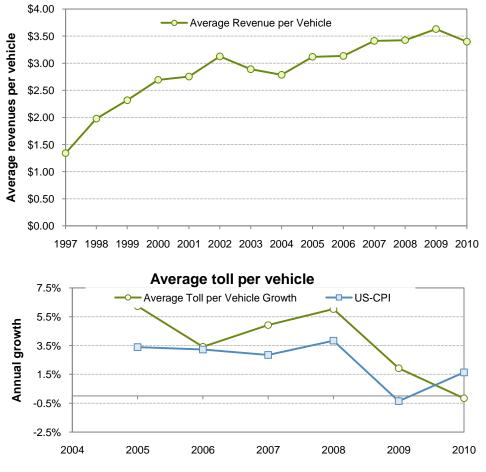


transurban



SR91 TOLL RATE GROWTH

- Average revenue per vehicle has generally continued to climb since the SR91 opened, with only brief periods of flat or minor negative growth
- Average toll per vehicle has also continued to grow, and at a rates exceeding CPI
- The continued growth in both tolls and revenues throughout the life of the project highlights benefits of the dynamic tolling approach used in the HOT lanes



Average revenue per vehicle

Source: SR91 weekly traffic and revenue results

